## Amoeba Sisters Video Recap of Mutations: The Potential Power of a Small Change

*Note:* You will need an mRNA chart for many of these questions. If you don't have one, they are easy to find online with your favorite search engine.

1. Mutations can be <b>harmful</b> , <b>helpful</b> (unlikely), or <b>neutral</b> in their effect. Often a neutral mutation will not result in an altered amino acid. Using your mRNA chart, give another mRNA codon that this CUU could mutate to and still code for Leucine.		2. It is important to understand that in mutations, a specific part of a <b>nucleic acid</b> experiences the mutation. In the below cartoon, fill in the blank that describes the part of the DNA molecule that is experiencing the mutation. Then label where that part is found on the DNA in the picture below.
The mRNA codon CUU could mutate to C and still code for Leucine, which could be a neutral mutation.		DUDEI Your are CHanging!! Huh?
3. Even a gene mutation that is a point mutation, meaning it affects one nucleotide base, can still make a major change. Sickle Cell Anemia is caused by a point mutation knows as a substitution. Complete the following example of a substitution:		<ul> <li>4. An insertion or deletion can result in a frameshift mutation.</li> <li>To demonstrate this, complete the following:</li> <li>Normal Strand:</li> </ul>
If the following is for normal hemoglobin:		DNA: GCA ATG CAC
portion of Hemoglobin DNA	GGA CTC CTC	Amino Acids:
MRNA	CCU GAG GAG	Annio Adds.
<b>AMINO ACIUS</b>	Proline-Glutamic Acid-Glutamic Acid	Deletion (causing a frameshift):
		Taking out the first "G" in the original DNA above results in:
Show what would occur if the first T ("thymine") DNA base in the portion shown above mutated to an A ("adenine"). Sickle Cell Hemoglobin:		DNA: CAA TGC AC mRNA:
Portion of mutated hemoglobin DNA:		Amino Acids:
mRNA:		How did the frameshift change the amino acids that were coded?
Amino Acids:		

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## What do you remember about mutations?

For the following, place an "X" if it is true statement.

Mutations are random.	Mutations are mostly beneficial and useful for an organism.
Mutations can occur in both DNA and RNA.	Mutations can only occur during interphase.
Not all DNA codes for proteins.	Not all genes are "turned on" or activated.
Substitution mutations typically result in frameshift.	Mutations can be genetically inherited.

## **Illustrate That Chromosome Mutation**

## Sketch your own cartoon for the following chromosome mutations. Creativity is encouraged!

Duplication	Deletion	
Inversion	Translocation	

