

# **Participant Notes**







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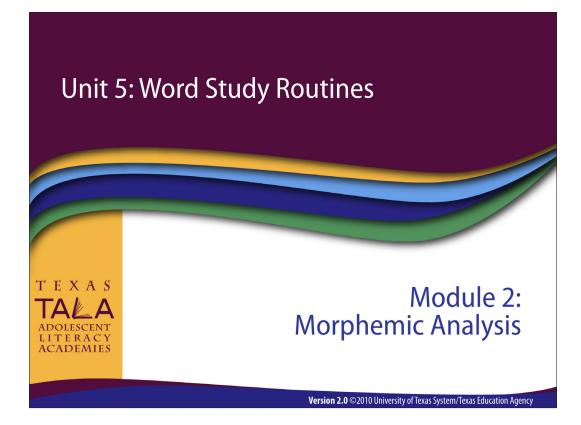


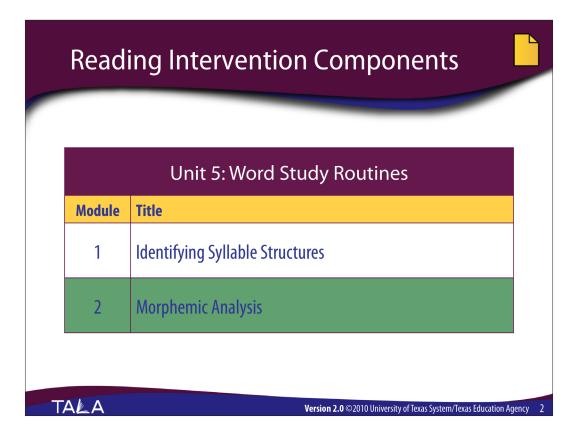
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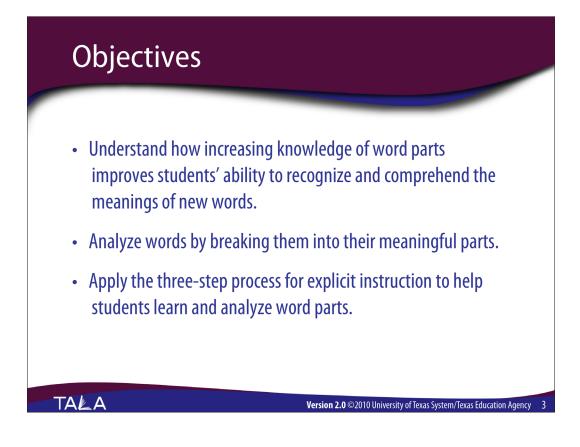
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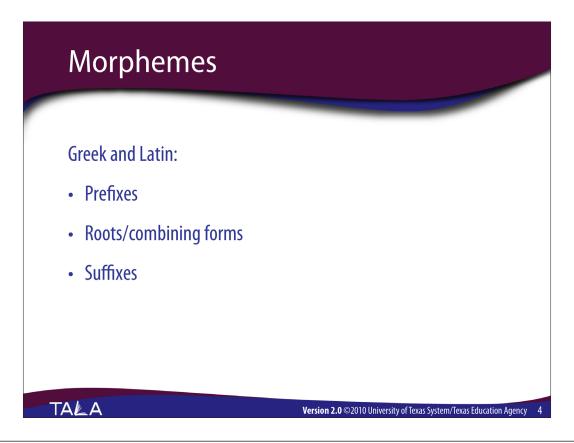
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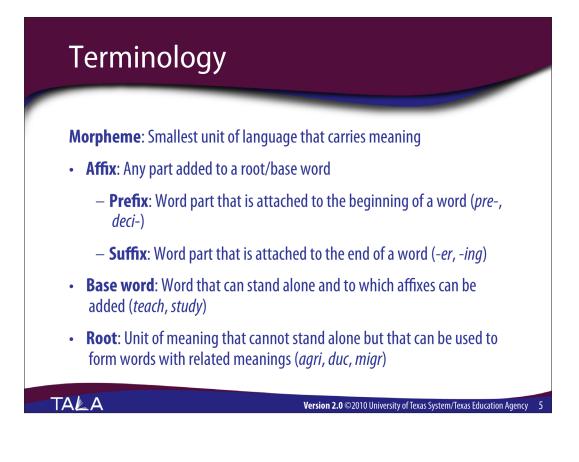
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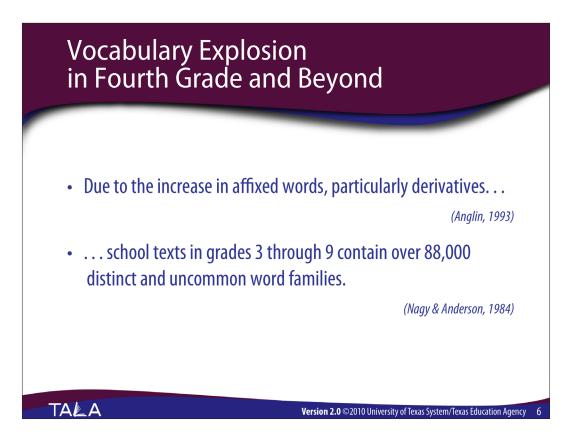


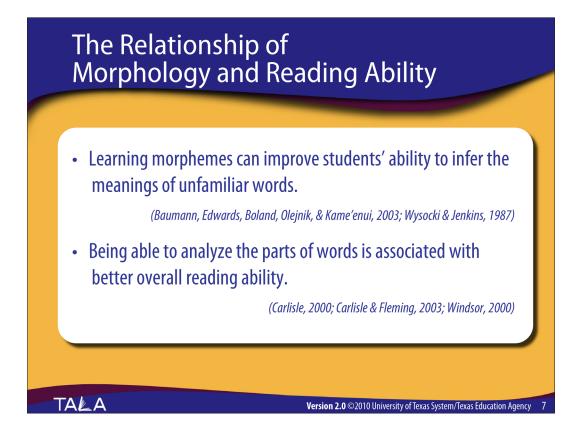












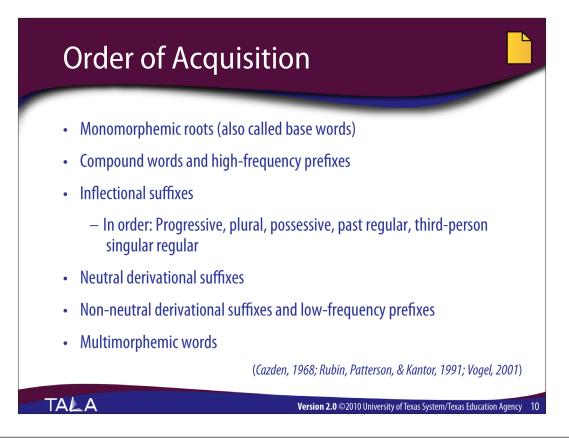


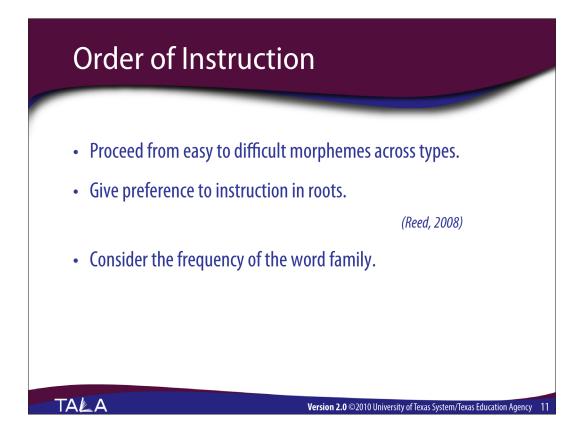
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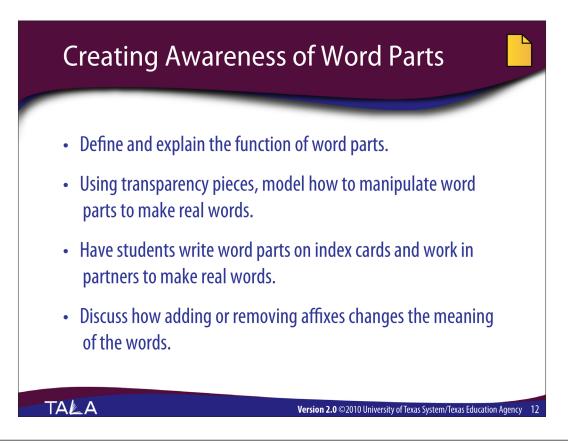
# How Will Students Recognize Morphemes?

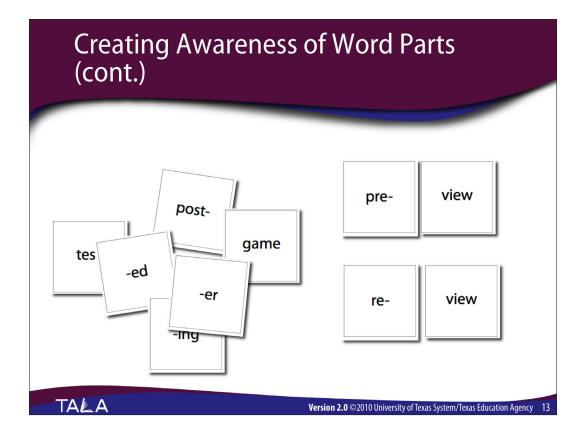
- Directly and explicitly teach roots and affixes.
- Provide examples and nonexamples.
  - predict vs. pretty
  - rewrite vs. rent
  - descend vs. democracy
- · Generalize to new and unfamiliar words.

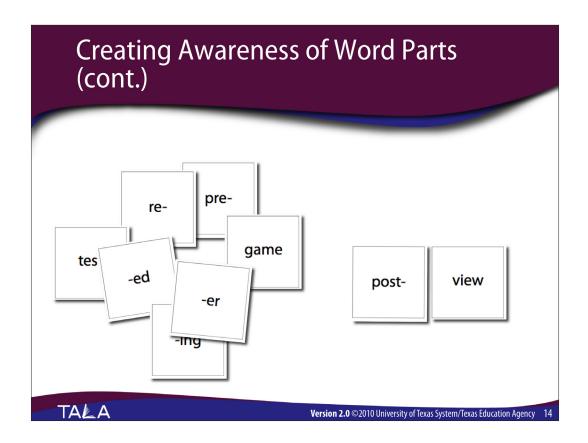
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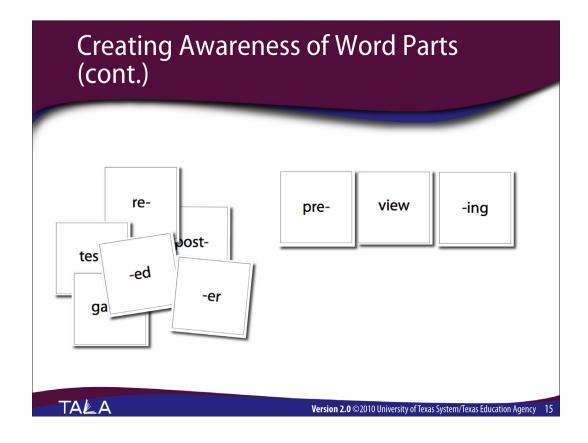


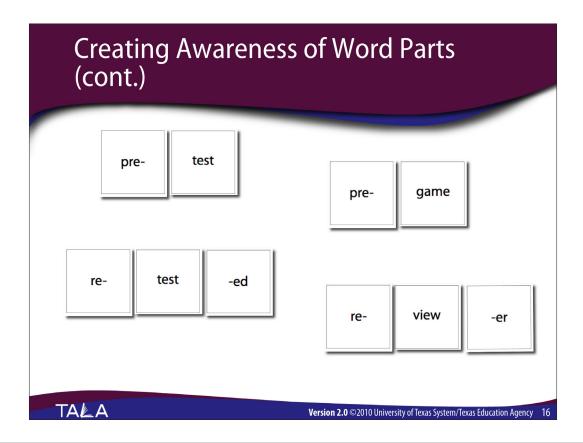












# Introducing New Morphemes: Modeling Phase: *I Do*

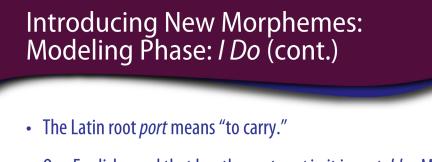
- You have learned that looking for word parts can help you read and understand the meanings of complicated words. Today we will learn a common root. When you can recognize roots and know what they mean, it will help you unlock the meaning of many words you read. That way, you can learn new vocabulary words more easily in all your subjects.
- Today we will learn a Latin root:

port

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- One English word that has the root *port* in it is *portable*. My MP3 player is very portable. That means I am able to easily carry it around.
- The root gave us the meaning "carry," and the suffix *-able* told me it was something I was capable of doing.

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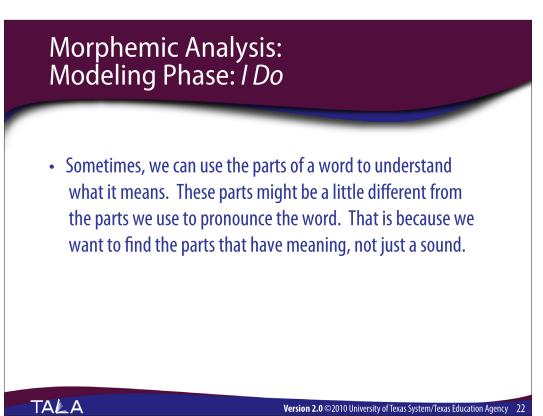




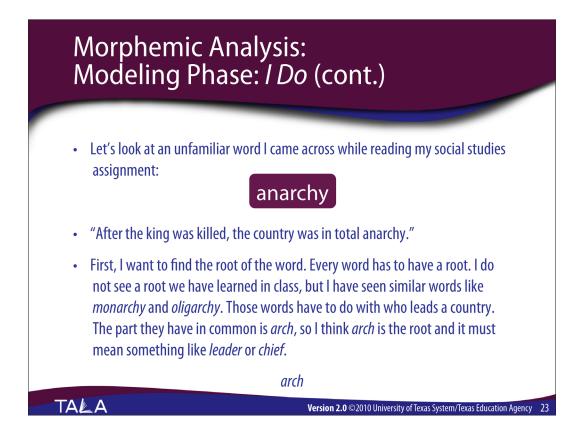
# **Morphemic Analysis Routine**

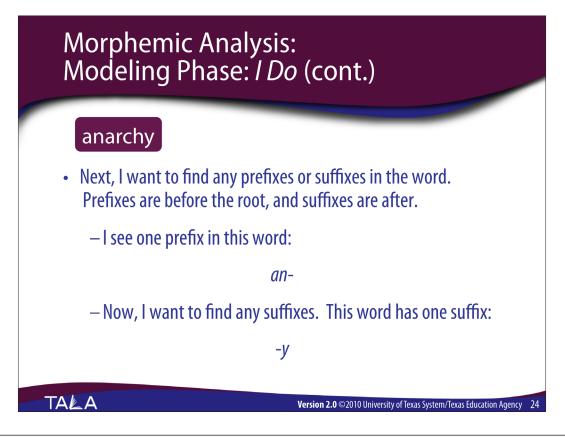
- Find the root.
- Find the prefixes and suffixes.
- Think about what each part means.
  - Use lists.
  - Use other words that contain the part.
  - Use context clues.
- Combine the meanings of the parts.
- Try the possible meaning in the sentence.
- Ask yourself, "Does it make sense?"

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### anarchy

- Now, I want to think about what each part means.
- I remember the prefix from English class when we talked about an anonymous author: a writer who did not give his/ her name. *Anonymous* means "without a name," so *an-* means "without" or "not".

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# Morphemic Analysis: Modeling Phase: *I Do* (cont.)

### anarchy

I see the suffix -y on words like *honesty* and *comedy*. Usually -y means "the state or quality of something".

# Morphemic Analysis: Modeling Phase: *I Do* (cont.)

### anarchy anarquía

- If I put all these parts together, I get: the state of not having a leader
- Let me try it in the sentence:

"After the king was killed, the country was in total anarchy."

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• Does that make sense?

Anarchy could mean the country was "without a leader".

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# Morphemic Analysis: Teacher-assisted Phase: *WE Do* (cont.)

With your partner, try using the morphemic analysis routine to figure out the meaning of this word used in math and science:

### Bilateral

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"A figure with bilateral symmetry can be cut into identical mirror halves."

### Morphemic analysis routine:

- Find the root.
- Find the prefixes and suffixes.
- Think about what each part means.
- Combine the meanings of the parts.
- Try the possible meaning in the sentence.

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• Ask yourself, "Does it make sense?"

# Morphemic Analysis: Independent Phase: YOU Do

- As you read, you may come across other words that you don't understand. When that happens, you should use the routine to help you figure out what the word might mean.
- What are the steps of the routine?
  - Find the root.
  - Find the prefixes and suffixes.
  - Think about what each part means.
  - Combine the meanings of the parts.
  - Try the possible meaning in the sentence.
  - Ask yourself, "Does it make sense?"

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